

CA FOUNDATION N'18

SUBJECT- ACCOUNTS

Test Code - CFP 4006

(Date:)

(100 Marks)

QUESTION NO.1 is compulsory and attempt any four out of five questions.

QUESTION NO.1

QUESTION NO.A

(6 Statements x 2 Marks = 12 Marks)

State with reasons whether the following statements are True or False:

- a. In the calculation of average due date, only the due date of first transaction must be taken as the base date.
- b. Accrual concept implies accounting on cash basis.
- c. Fixed Assets Turnover ratio indicates the firm's ability of generating sales per rupee of long term investment.
- d. Partners can share profits or losses in their capital ratio, when there is no agreement.
- e. When shares are forfeited, the share capital account is debited with called up capital of shares forfeited and the share forfeiture account is credited with Calls in arrear of shares forfeited.
- f. Capital + Long Term Liabilities= Fixed Assets + Current Assets + Cash- Current Liabilities.

QUESTION NO.B

"Change in accounting policy may have a material effect on the items of financial statements." Explain the statement with the help of an example. (4 MARKS)

QUESTION NO.C (4 MARKS)

Calculate the missing amount for the following.

	Assets	Liabilities	Capital
(a)	30,00,000	5,00,000	?
(b)	?	3,00,000	1,50,000
(c)	29,00,000	?	27,50,000
(d)	1,14,00,000	(5,60,000)	?

QUESTION NO.2

A. Arjuna and Bheema entered into a Joint Venture for the production and sale of "Mahabharat" CDs during a festival season. Arjuna contributed Rs. 3,00,000 and Bheema contributed Rs. 2,00,000 to the venture. They incurred the following expenses towards Joint Venture – (a) Payment to Artists and Technicians – Rs. 2,80,000, (b) Hire Charges for Equipment, Lab Fees, etc. – Rs. 1,20,000, (c) CD Making, Packing and Promotion Expenses – Rs. 75,000.

They made 20,000 CDs and sold 16,000 CDs during the festival season at Rs. 45 per CD. Bheema directly received the sale proceeds of 2,500 CDs out of the above 16,000 CDs.

Arjuna took over 3,000 CDs at an agreed cost of Rs. 25 per CD. 1,000 CDs were found defective at the end of the season and had to be scrapped.

Separate books were maintained for the Venture, and the profits were divided in the ratio 3: 2. Give Journal Entries and Ledger Accounts in the books of the Joint Venture. (10 Marks)

B. Smith Library Society showed the following position on 31 $^{\rm St}$ March, 2017:

Balance Sheet as on 31St March, 2017

Liabilities	Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capital fund	7,93,000	Electrical fittings	1,50,000
Expenses payable	7,000	Furniture	50,000
		Books	4,00,000
		Investment in securities	1,50,000
		Cash at bank	25,000
		Cash in hand	<u>25,000</u>
	8,00,000		<u>8,00,000</u>

The receipts and payment account for the year ended on 31st March, 2018 is given below:

		Rs.			Rs.
То Ва	lance b/d		Ву	Electric charges	7,200
Ca	sh at bank 25,000		_	Postage and tionary	5,000
Ca	sh in hand <u>25,000</u>	50,000	Ву	Telephone charges	5,000
To En	trance fee	30,000	Ву	Books purchased	60,000
To M	embership ption	2,00,000	Ву	Outstanding expen ses paid	7,000
To Sa	e proceeds of old papers	1,500	Ву	Rent	88,000
To Hi	e of lecture hall	20,000	By sec	Investment in urities	40,000
To Int	erest on securities	8,000	Ву	Salaries	66,000

	By Balance c/d	
	Cash at bank	20,000
	Cash in hand	11,300
3,09,500		3,09,500

You are required to prepare income and expenditure account for the year ended 31st March, 2018 and a balance sheet as at 31^s, March, 2018 after making the following adjustments:

Membership subscription included Rs. 10,000 received in advance. Provide for outstanding rent Rs. 4,000 and salaries Rs. 3,000.

Books to be depreciated @ 10% including additions. Electrical fittings and furniture are also to be depreciated at the same rate.

75% of the entrance fees is to be capitalized.

Interest on securities is to be calculated @ 5% p.a. including purchases made on 1.10.2017 for Rs.40,000. (10 MARKS)

QUESTION NO.3

A. Neha & Co. is a partnership firm with partners Mr. P, Mr. Q and Mr. R, sharing profits and losses in the ratio of 10:6:4. The balance sheet of the firm as at 31 st March, 2018 is as under:

Liabilities		Rs.	Assets	Rs.
Capitals:			Land	10,000
Mr. P	80,000		Buildings	2,00,000
Mr. Q	20,000		Plant and machinery	1,30,000
Mr. R	30,000	1,30,000	Furniture	43,000
Reserves			Investments	12,000
(un-appropriated profit)		20,000	Inventories	1,30,000
Long Term Debt		3,00,000	Trade receivables	1,39,000
Bank Overdraft		44,000		
Trade payables		1,70,000		
		6,64,000		6,64,000

It was mutually agreed that Mr. Q will retire from partnership and in his place Mr. T will be admitted as a partner with effect from 1st April, 2018. For this purpose, the following adjustments are to be made:

- (a) Goodwill is to be valued at Rs.1 lakh but the same will not appear as an asset in the books of the reconstituted firm.
- (b) Buildings and plant and machinery are to be depreciated by 5% and 20% respectively. Investments are to be taken over by the retiring partner at Rs. 15,000. Provision of 20% is to be made on Trade receivables to cover doubtful debts.
- (c) In the reconstituted firm, the total capital will be Rs. 2 lakhs which will be contributed by Mr. P, Mr. R and Mr. T in their new profit sharing ratio, which is 2:2:1.
 - (i) The surplus funds, if any, will be used for repaying bank overdraft.
 - (ii) The amount due to retiring partner shall be transferred to his loan account.

Required:

Prepare

- (a) Revaluation account;
- (b) Partners' capital accounts;
- (c) Bank account; and
- (d) Balance sheet of the reconstituted firm as on 1st April, 2018. (10 MARKS)
- B. On 1st June, 2017, Suraj Ltd. issued 86,000 shares of Rs. 100 each payable as follows: Rs. 20 on application;

Rs. 20 on allotment;

First call of Rs. 30 on 1st Dec, 2017; and

Second and final call of Rs. 30 on 1st March, 2018.

By 20th July, 80,000 shares were applied for and all applications were accepted. Allotment was made on 1st Aug. All sums due on allotment were received on 1sth Sept; those on 1st call were received on 20th Dec.

You are required to journalise the transactions when accounts were closed on 31st March, 2018. (10 MARKS)

QUESTION NO.4

A. The following are the balances as at 31st March, 2017 extracted from the books of Mr. XYZ.

	Rs.		Rs.
Plant and Machinery	19,550	Bad debts recovered	450
Furniture and Fittings	10,250	Salaries	22,550
Bank Overdraft	80,000	Salaries payable	2,450
Capital Account	65,000	Prepaid rent	300

Drawings	8,000	Rent	4,300
Purchases	1,60,000	Carriage inward	1,125
Opening Stock	32,250	Carriage outward	1,350
Wages	12,165	Sales	2,15,300
Provision for doubtful debts	3,200	Advertisement Expenses	3,350
Provision for Discount on		Printing and Stationery	1,250
debtors	1,375	Cash in hand	1,450
Sundry Debtors	1,20,000	Cash at bank	3,125
Sundry Creditors	47,500	Office Expenses	10,160
Bad debts	1,100	Interest paid on loan	3,000

Additional Information:

- 1. Purchases include sales return of Rs. 2,575 and sales include purchases return of Rs. 1,725.
- 2. Goods withdrawn by Mr. XYZ for own consumption Rs. 3,500 included in purchases.
- 3. Wages paid in the month of April for installation of plant and machinery amounting to Rs. 450 were included in wages account.
- 4. Free samples distributed for publicity costing Rs. 825.
- 5. Create a provision for doubtful debts @ 5% and provision for discount on debtors @ 2.5%.
- 6. Depreciation is to be provided on plant and machinery @ 15% p.a. and on furniture and fittings @ 10% p.a.
- 7. Bank overdraft is secured against hypothecation of stock. Bank overdraft outstanding as on 31.3.2017 has been considered as 80% of real value of stock (deducting 20% as margin) and after adjusting the marginal value 80% of the same has been allowed to draw as an overdraft.

Prepare a Trading and Profit and Loss Account for the year ended 31st March, 2017, and a Balance Sheet as on that date. Also show the rectification entries.

(15 MARKS)

B. On 1st January, X's Account in Y's Ledger showed a debit balance of Rs. 5,000. The following transactions took place between Y and X during the quarter ended 31st March:

Date	Particulars	Rs.
Jan. 11	Y sold goods to X	6,000
Jan. 24	Y received a Promissory Note from X, 3 months date	5,000
Feb. 01	X sold goods to Y	10,000
Feb. 04	Y sold goods to X	8,200
Feb. 07	X returned goods to Y	1,000
March 01	X sold goods to Y	5,600

March 18	Y sold goods to X	9,200
March 23	X sold goods to Y	4,000

Accounts were settled on 31st March, by means of a cheque. Prepare an Account Current to be submitted by Y to X as on 31st March, taking interest into account at 10% per annum. Calculate Interest to the nearest multiple of a rupee. (5 MARKS)

QUESTION NO.5

- A. Riya Limited issued 20,000 14% Debentures of the nominal value of Rs.1,00,00,000 as follows:
 - (a) To sundry persons for cash at 90% of nominal value of Rs. 50,00,000.
 - (b) To a vendor for purchase of fixed assets worth Rs. 20,00,000 Rs. 25,00,000 nominal value.
 - (c) To the banker as collateral security for a loan of Rs. 20,00,000 Rs. 25,00,000 nominal value.

You are required to prepare necessary journal entries Journal Entries. (5 MARKS)

- B. State the causes of difference between the balance shown by the pass book and the cash book. (5 MARKS)
- C. Prepare a Bank Reconciliation Statement of Shri Hari as on 31st March, 2018:
 - (a) Balance as per Pass Book is Rs. 10,000.
 - (b) Bank collected a cheque of Rs. 500 on behalf of Shri Hari but wrongly credited it to Shri Hari's Account (another customer of bank).
 - (c) Bank recorded a cash deposit of Rs. 1,589 as Rs.1,598.
 - (d) Withdrawal column of the Pass Book undercast by Rs. 100.
 - (e) The credit balance of Rs. 1,500 on page 5 was recorded on page 6 as debit balance.
 - (f) The payment of a cheque of Rs. 350 was recorded twice in the Pass Book.
 - (g) The Pass Book showed a credit for a cheque of Rs. 1,000 deposited by Shri Hari (another customer of the bank). (5 MARKS)
- D. X supplied goods on sale or return basis to customers, the particulars of which are as under: (5 MARKS)

Date of dispatch	Party's name	Amount Rs.	Remarks
10.12.2017	M/s ABC Co.	10,000	No information till 31.12.2017
12.12.2017	M/s DEF Co	15,000	Returned on 16.12.2017
15.12.2017	M/s GHI Co	12,000	Goods worth Rs. 2,000 returned on 20.12.2017
20.12.2017	M/s DEF Co	16,000	Goods Retained on 24.12.2017
25.12.2017	M/s ABC Co	11,000	Good Retained on 28.12.2017

30.12.2017 M/s GHI Co 13,000 No information till 31.12.2017

Goods are to be returned within 15 days from the dispatch, failing which it will be treated as sales. The books of 'X' are closed on the 31st December, 2017.

Prepare the following account in the books of 'X'.

Goods on "sales or return, sold and returned day books".

Goods on sales or return total account.

QUESTION NO.6

A. Tile Company leased Land in year 1 at a Royalty of Rs. 10 per ton on all the Clay raised. Dead Rent was Rs. 10 Lakhs. Short working was to be recouped during the first 4 years and not afterwards. The Clay raised in the first 4 years was as follows –

Year	1	2	3	4	5
Tons	75,000	90,000	60,000 (strike for 3 months)	1,20,000	1,80,000

There was a provision for proportionate reduction in Dead Rent in case of stoppage of work by strike, lock – out, accident etc.

Show Ledger Accounts in the books of Tile Company, showing all amounts in Rs. Lakhs. (10 marks)

B. With the help of the following information complete the Balance Sheet of MNOP Ltd.: (5 MARKS)

Equity share capital	Rs. 1,00,000				
The relevant ratios of the company are as follows:					
Current debt to total debt	0.40				
Total debt to owner's equity	0.60				
Fixed assets to owner's equity	0.60				
Total assets turnover	2 Times				
Inventory turnover	8 Times				

C. Write short notes on Objectives of preparing Trial Balance. (5 MARKS)